§3010.2

§ 3010.2 Applicability.

The rules in this part implement provisions in 39 U.S.C. chapter 36, subchapter I, establishing rate setting policies and procedures for market dominant products. With the exception of Type 3 rate adjustments, these procedures allow a minimum of 45 days for advance public notice of the Postal Service's planned rate adjustments. Type 3 rate adjustments require the Postal Service to file a formal request with the Commission and are subject to special procedures.

[78 FR 52704, Aug. 26, 2013, as amended at 79 FR 33831, June 12, 2014]

§ 3010.3 Types of rate adjustments for market dominant products.

- (a) There are five types of rate adjustments for market dominant products. A Type 1-A rate adjustment is authorized under 39 U.S.C. 3622(d)(1)(D). A Type 1-B rate adjustment is authorized under 39 U.S.C. 3622(d)(2)(C). A Type 1-C rate adjustment is authorized under 39 U.S.C. 3622. A Type 2 rate adjustment is authorized under 39 U.S.C. 3622(c)(10). A Type 3 rate adjustment is authorized under 39 U.S.C. 3622(d)(1)(E).
- (b)(1) The Postal Service may combine Type 1–A, Type 1–B, and Type 2 rate adjustments for purposes of filing with the Commission.
- (2) The Postal Service may not combine a Type 1–C rate adjustment with any other type of rate adjustment. The Postal Service may file a Type 1–C rate adjustment and a *de minimis* rate increase contemporaneously, but the Type 1–C rate adjustment and the *de minimis* rate increase must be contained in separate notices of rate adjustment.

[79 FR 33832, June 12, 2014]

§ 3010.4 Type 1-A rate adjustment—in general.

- (a) A Type 1-A rate adjustment is an adjustment based on the annual limitation.
- (b) A Type 1–A rate adjustment may result in a rate adjustment that is less than or equal to the annual limitation, but may not exceed the annual limitation.
- (c) A Type 1-A rate adjustment for any class that is less than the applica-

ble annual limitation results in unused rate adjustment authority associated with that class. Part or all of the unused rate adjustment authority may be used in a subsequent rate adjustment for that class, subject to the expiration terms in §3010.26(e).

[78 FR 52704, Aug. 26, 2013, as amended at 79 FR 33832, June 12, 2014]

§ 3010.5 Type 1-B rate adjustment—in general.

A Type 1-B rate adjustment is an adjustment that is based on the annual limitation and that uses unused rate adjustment authority in whole or in part.

[79 FR 33832, June 12, 2014]

§ 3010.6 Type 1-C rate adjustment—in general.

- (a) A Type 1–C rate adjustment is an adjustment to a rate of general applicability that contains only a decrease. A rate adjustment that includes both an increase and a decrease in rates of general applicability is a Type 1–A or Type 1–B rate adjustment; it is not a Type 1–C rate adjustment.
- (b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, a Type 1–C rate adjustment may generate unused rate adjustment authority, as described in §3010.27.
- (2) A Type 1–C rate adjustment filed immediately after a Type 3 rate adjustment (that is, with no intervening Type 1–A or Type 1–B rate adjustment) may not generate unused rate adjustment authority.
- (3) The Postal Service may elect not to generate unused rate adjustment authority in a Type 1–C rate adjustment.

[79 FR 33832, June 12, 2014]

§ 3010.7 Type 2 rate adjustment—in general.

A Type 2 rate adjustment is based on a negotiated service agreement. A negotiated service agreement entails a rate adjustment negotiated between the Postal Service and a customer or group of customers.

[78 FR 52704, Aug. 26, 2013, redesignated at 79 FR 33832, June 12, 2014]